

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently amended) A method of processing image data ~~comprising the steps of:~~
by a processor performing the steps of:
converting first image data having a first number of bits to second image data having a second number of bits less than the first number of bits;
inversely converting the second image data having the second number of bits to thereby output inversely converted second image data having the first number of bits;
calculating a difference between the information represented by each of the bits of the first image data and the information represented by each of the bits of the inversely converted second image data and outputting the difference as first difference data; and
generating a file including the first difference data and a first parameter, the first parameter identifying the first difference data as being calculated using the first image data and the inversely converted second image data, wherein
each bit of image data represents a quantizing level of image data.
2. (Original) The method in accordance with claim 1, further comprising the step of recording the file.
3. (Previously Presented) The method in accordance with claim 1, wherein the first image data can be reproduced by adding the first difference data to the inversely converted second image data.
4. (Previously Presented) The method in accordance with claim 1, wherein
said step of converting comprises the sub-step of linearly converting the first number of bits of the first image data to the second number of bits, and said step of inversely converting comprises the sub-step of linearly, inversely converting the second number of bits of the second image data to the first number of bits.
5. (Previously Presented) The method in accordance with claim 1, wherein

said step of converting comprises the sub-step of nonlinearly converting the first number of bits of the first image data to the second number of bits, and said step of inversely converting comprise the sub-step of nonlinearly, inversely converting the second number of bits of the second image data to the first number of bits.

6. (Currently amended) A method of processing image data ~~comprising the steps of:~~
by a processor performing the steps of:

converting first image data having a first number of bits to second image data having a second number of bits, less than the first number of bits;

inversely converting the second image data having second number of bits to thereby output inversely converted second image data having the first number of bits;

calculating a difference between the information represented by each of the bits of the first image data and the information represented by each of the bits of the inversely converted second image data and outputting the difference as first difference data; and

generating a file including the first difference data and a first parameter, the first parameter identifying the first difference data as being calculated using the first image data and the inversely converted second image data, wherein

said step of converting comprises the sub-step of reducing the first number of bits of the first image data beginning with a least significant bit and continuing in sequence from the least significant bit towards higher order bits until the number of bits of the first image data becomes equal to the second number of bits of the second image data, and said step of inversely converting comprises the sub-step of adding ZERO bits to the least significant bit of the second image data until the number of bits of the second image data becomes equal to the first number of bits of the first image data, wherein

each bit of image data represents a quantizing level of image data.

Claims 7-9 (Canceled).

10. (Previously Presented) An apparatus for recording image data comprising at least one image processing circuitry and a storage, said at least one image processing circuitry comprising:

a converting circuit for converting input first image data having a first number of bits to output second image data having a second number bits, less than the first number of bits, and feeding the output second image data to another image processing circuitry;

an inverse converting circuit for inversely converting the second image data having the second number of bits to thereby produce inversely converted second image data having the first number of bits;

a calculating circuit for calculating a difference between the information represented by each of the bits of the input first image data and the information represented by each of the bits of the inversely converted second image data and outputting the difference as first difference data; and

a file generating circuit for generating a file including the first difference data and a first parameter, the first parameter identifying the first difference data as being calculated using the first image data and the inversely converted second image data, wherein

each bit of image data represents a quantizing level of image data.

11. (Previously Presented) The apparatus in accordance with claim 10, wherein said converting circuit comprises a linear converting circuit for linearly converting the first number bits of the first image data to the second number of bits, and said inverse converting circuit comprises a linear inverse converting circuit for linearly, inversely converting the second number of bits of the second image data to the first number of bits.

12. (Previously Presented) The apparatus in accordance with claim 10, wherein said converting circuit comprises a nonlinear converting circuit for nonlinearly converting the number of bits of the first image data to the second number of bits, and said inverse converting circuit comprises a nonlinear inverse converting circuit for nonlinearly, inversely converting the number of bits of the second image data to the first number of bits.

13. (Previously Presented) An apparatus for recording image data comprising at least one image processing circuitry and a storage, said at least one image processing circuitry comprising:

a converting circuit for converting input first image data having a first number of bits to output second image data having a second number of bits, less than the first number of bits, and feeding the output second image data to another image processing circuitry;

an inverse converting circuit for inversely converting the second image data having the second number of bits to thereby produce inversely converted second image data having the first number of bits;

a calculating circuit for calculating a difference between the information represented by each of the bits of the input first image data and the information represented by each of the bits of the inversely converted second image data, both having the first number of bits, and outputting the difference as first difference data; and

a file generating circuit for generating a file including the first difference data and a first parameter, the first parameter identifying the first difference data as being calculated using the first image data and the inversely converted second image data, wherein

each bit of image data represents a quantizing level of image data, and

said converting circuit comprises a circuit for reducing the first number of bits of the first image data beginning with a least significant quantizing bit and continuing in sequence from the least significant bit towards higher order bits until the number of bits of the first image data becomes equal to the second number of bits of the second image data, and said inverse converting circuit comprises a circuit for adding ZERO bits to the least significant bit of the second image data until the number of bits of the second image data becomes equal to the first number of bits of the first image data.

Claim 14 (Canceled).

15. (Previously Presented) The method in accordance with claim 6, further comprising the step of recording the file.

16. (Previously Presented) The method in accordance with claim 6, wherein the broad-range the first image data can be reproduced by adding the first difference data to the inversely converted second image data.